











Nestlé at a glance

- CHF 89.5 billion in sales in 2016
- 328,000 employees in over 150 countries
- 418 factories in 86 countries
- Over 2,000 brands
- 1 billion Nestlé products sold every day



Our purpose

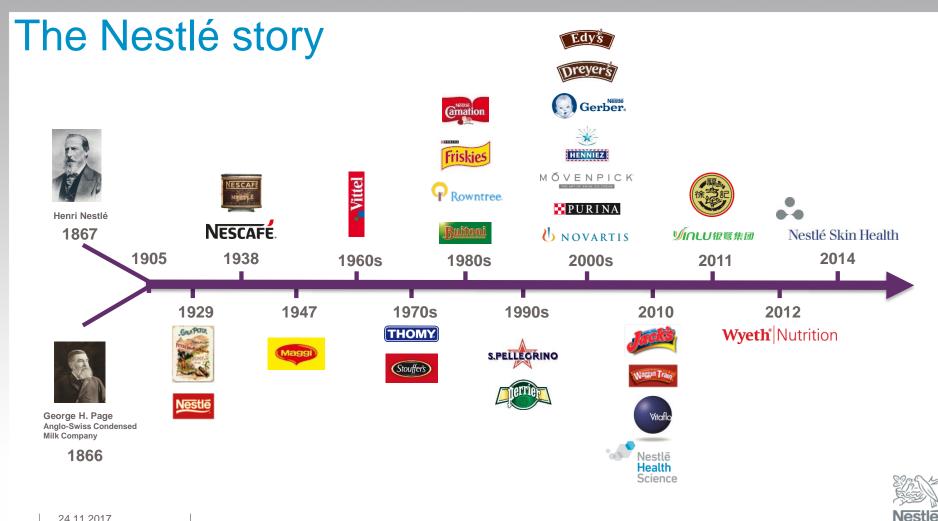
Enhancing quality of life

and contributing to

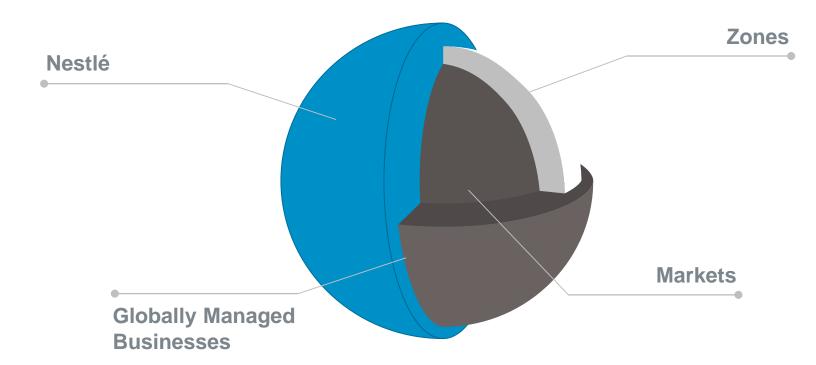
a healthier future.







SIMPLE COMPLEXITY





OUR CHALLENGE

Ensure that:

- 1. All Nestlé businesses have access to and the capability to work with People Analytics to drive better people decisions
- 2. Analytics are useful and actionable in the business

3. Any Nestlé business can engage with People Analytics



PEOPLE ANALYTICS @ NESTLÉ

ORCHESTRATING PEOPLE STRATEGY AND PLANNING

Supporting the execution of the people strategy through tools and frameworks incl. Strategic and Operational People Planning

GOVERNING PEOPLE DATA STANDARDS

Managing the compliance with and governance of change process to Nestlé's People Data Standards

ANALYTICS: DESCRIPTIVE AND PREDICTIVE

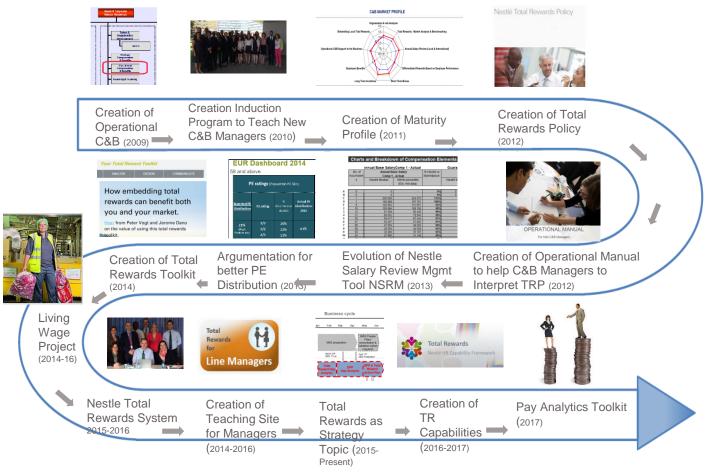
Measuring the impact of HR intervention and megatrends Using statistical models and reasoning to address top workforce concerns

PEOPLE MEASUREMENT: KPI'S AND DASHBOARDS

Measuring progress against strategic priorities through dashboards and automation.



Nestlé's Reward Journey to Maturity





Measuring Reward Maturity



- Rewards received increased favourable score in 2016
- + single digit % on 2014 survey results, + double digit % on 2012
- Single digit % above High Performing Companies norm



- Rewards Maturity has positive correlation with
 - Performance distribution levels
 - Leadership Effectiveness scores
 - Rewards scores
 - Profitability



regression.



PAY ANALYSIS

Create applications directly from R No web development skills needed Users can interactively look at results from the analysis

Interactive, web-based application that enables local C&B to investigate Pay Equity through linear

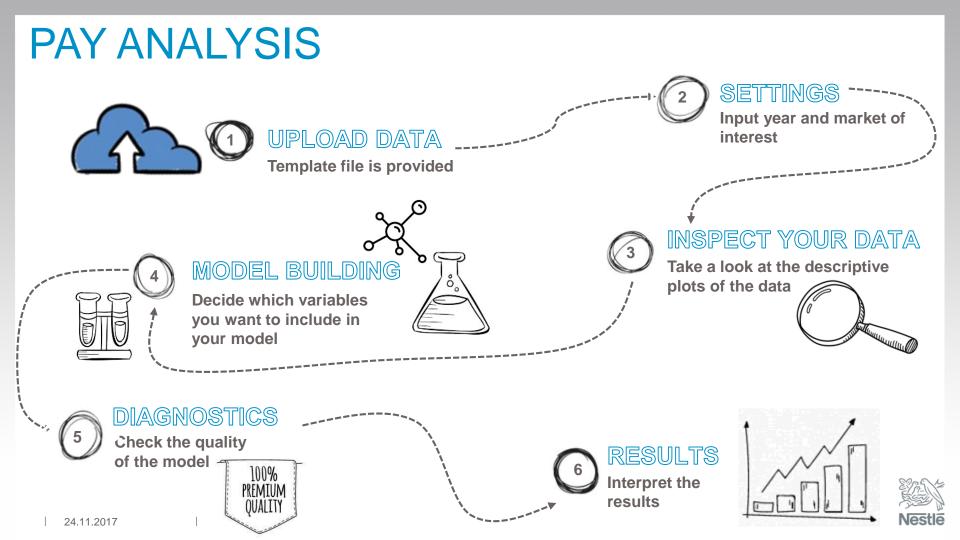


HOW DO WE MONITOR FOR FAIR PAY PRACTICES

Pay equity analysis checks the current payroll against the compensation philosophy.

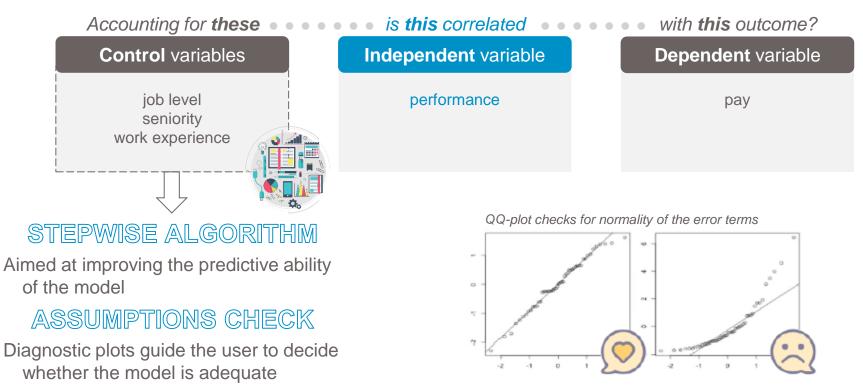






PAY ANALYSIS

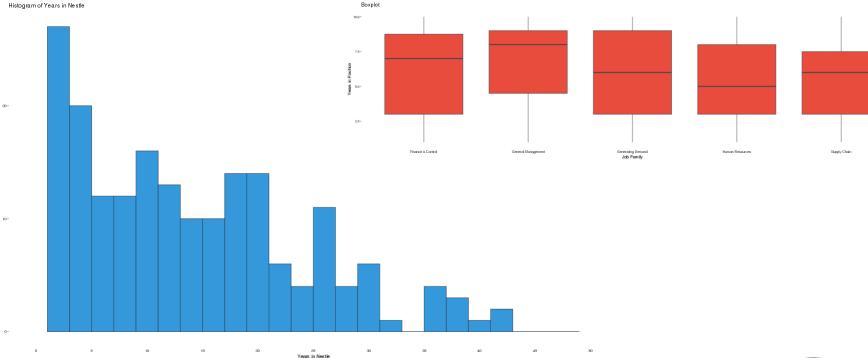
MODEL BUILDING Which variables should be included in the regression model?





24.11.2017

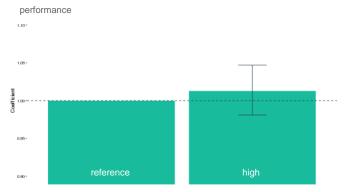
PAY ANALYSIS





Count

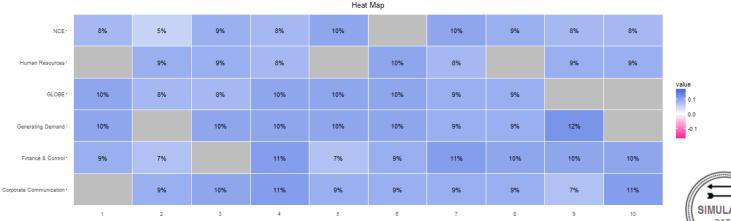
PAY ANALYSIS



performance

| Predictor | Estimate | 95% Confidence Interval |
|------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| High Performance | 1.013 | [0.981; 1.047] |

High performers earn 1.013 times what the reference category earns. When controlling for the other variables in the model, the difference in pay between high performers and the reference group is not statistically significant.



Merci



Questions?

Feedback?

Get in touch! @: jordan.pettman@nestle.com : @jl_p in : linkedin.com/in/jordanpettman

